Cremation Issue Chart

NEBRASKA



ISSUE: IDENTIFICATION OF DECEASED				
Law/Regulation	Is ID Required?	Information Required for ID	Any Restrictions/Limitations	
N/A				
ISSUE: ALTERNATIVE CONTAINER FOR CREMATION				
Law/Regulation	Is It Required?	Definition of Alternative Container		
71-1356. Terms, defined. For purposes of the Cremation of Human Remains Act, unless the context otherwise requires:	Yes	 (4) An alternative container shall: (a) Be composed of readily combustible materials suitable for cremation; (b) Be able to be closed to provide for complete encasement of the human remains; (c) Be resistant to leakage or spillage; (d) Be rigid enough for easy handling; and (e) Provide protection for the health and safety of persons handling such container. (1) Alternative container means a container in which human remains are placed in a cremation chamber for cremation; 		
ISSUE: URN				
Law/Regulation	Any requirements for Urn/ Temporary Container	Definition of Urn/Ter	nporary Container	
71-1356. Terms, defined.		(19) Temporary container means a receptacle material in which cremated remains are placed an urn or other permanent container.		

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ISSUE: AUTHORIZING AGENT			
Law/Regulation	Legal Order of Authorizing Agent		
38-1425. Deceased persons; control of remains; interment; liability.	(1) Except as otherwise provided in section 71-20,121, the right to control the disposition of the remains of a deceased person, except in the case of a minor subject to section 23-1824 and unless other directions have been given by the decedent in the form of a testamentary disposition or a pre-need contract, vests in the following persons in the order named: (a) Any person authorized to direct the disposition of the decedent's body pursuant to a notarized affidavit authorizing such disposition and signed and sworn to by the decedent, the decedent's family, or the decedent legal authorizy for authorizing disposition without additional authorization from the decedent, the decedent's family, or the decedent's estate. Such person shall not be considered an attorney in fact pursuant to sections 30-3401 to 30-3432; (b) The surviving spouse is incompetent or not available or if there is no surviving spouse, the decedent's surviving adult children. If there is more than one adult chilid, any adult child, after confirmation in writing of the notification of all other adult children, may direct the manner of disposition unless the funeral establishment or crematory authority receives written objection to the manner of disposition from another adult child; (d) The decedent's surviving parents; (e) The persons in the next degree of kinship under the laws of descent and distribution to inherit the estate of the decedent. If there is more than one person of the same degree, any person of that degree may direct the manner of disposition; (f) A guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of such person's death; (g) The personal representative of the decedent; (h) The State Anatomical Board or county board in the case of an indigent person or any other person the disposition of whose remains is the responsibility of the state or county; or (ii) A representative of an entity described in section 38-1426 that has arranged with the funeral establishment or crematory authority to cremate a body part in the case of		

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ISSUE: FINAL DISPOSITION		
Law/Regulation	Any Guidelines or Requirements of Disposition of Cremated Remains Including Mailing Requirements	
71-1382. Cremated remains; final disposition.	(1) For purposes of the Cremation of Human Remains Act, the delivery of the cremated remains to the authorizing agent or his or her representative shall constitute final disposition. If, after a period of sixty days after the date of cremation, the authorizing agent or his or her representative has not directed or otherwise arranged for the final disposition of the cremated remains or claimed the cremated remains for final disposition as provided in this section, the crematory authority or the funeral establishment in possession of the cremated remains may dispose of the cremated remains after making a 15 reasonable attempt to contact the authorizing agent or his or her representative. This method of disposition may be used by any crematory authority or funeral establishment to dispose of all cremated remains in the possession of a crematory authority or funeral establishment on or after August 31, 2003. (2) Cremated remains shall be delivered or released by the crematory authority to the representative specified by the authorizing agent on the cremation authorization form. The owner of the crematory authority or his or her representative and the party receiving the cremated remains shall sign a cremated remains receipt form. The form shall include the name of the deceased, the date, time, and place of receipt of the cremated remains, and the signatures of the owner of the crematory or his or her representative and the authorizing agent or his or her representative. If the cremated remains are shipped, a form used by the shipper under subsection (4) of section 71-1381 may be used in lieu of a completed cremated remains receipt form if the shipper's form contains the information required for a cremated remains receipt form. Both the party delivering such remains and the party receiving such remains shall retain a copy of the cremated remains receipt form or shipper's form. Upon delivery, the cremated remains may be further transported within this state in any manner without a permit.	